APPENDIX III

GLOSSARY

In this Guidebook, the following terms are defined as:

- "Access" is means to enable persons, with or without a disability, to approach, enter or leave a residential building or flat, and to reach and use all facilities of the building or furniture of the flat, without assistance and undue difficulties.
- 2. "Accessible path" refers to a continuous, unobstructed path that can be accessed by persons with or without disabilities.
- 3. "Barrier-free design" is an approach to design that removes physical barriers to those with various disabilities.
- 4. "Cane users" refers to persons who are not able to walk on the level and negotiate suitably graded steps without using canes.
- "Communal areas" refer to areas inside residential buildings for the common use and benefits of the residents and visitors of the buildings as a whole and not only for the use and benefit of any resident or visitor of any particular unit.
- 6. "Crutch users" refer to persons who are not able to walk on the level and negotiate suitably graded steps without using crutches.
- "People with disabilities" refers to persons who on account of injury, disease, or congenital deformity, are impaired in vision, hearing or locomotion.
- 8. "Refuge area" refers to an area where people may remain temporarily to await further instructions or assistance during emergency evacuation.
- 9. "Sign" refers to an architectural element composed of displayed text, characters, numbers, symbolic, tactile or pictorial information.
- 10. "Tactile" refers to an object that can be perceived using the sense of touch.
- 11. "The people in wheelchairs" refers to persons who, except when using mechanized transport, depend solely on a wheelchair for mobility.
- 12. "Walking frame users" refers to persons who are not able to walk on the level and negotiate suitably graded steps without using walking frames.
- 13. "Wheelchair parking space" refers to space to park a single wheelchair.

詞彙

以下名詞在本指南中的定義:

- 「暢達」是採用設計手法,使殘障 或非殘障人士進入或離開住宅,且 能接觸及使用該單位的所有設施及 傢具並且解決困難,而不需要別人 協助。
- 2. 「無障礙通道」是指連續而無障礙物的通道,可讓殘障或非殘障人士經過。
- 3. 「無障礙設計」是通過設計手段, 為各種殘障人士清除實物障礙。
- 4. 「手杖使用者」是指不能不用手杖 在平地行走或爬梯級的人。
- 5. 「共用地方」是指在住宅建築物之 內,非為某特定單位的居民或訪客 的利益,而是為居民和訪客的整體 利益以供共同使用的地方。
- 6. 「使用拐杖人士」是指不能不用拐 杖在平地行走或爬梯級的人。
- 7. 「殘障人士」是指因傷病或天生而 引致視覺、聽覺或行動能力受損的 人。
- 「避難區」是指在緊急疏散時,供 人在其中臨時等候,以便獲得進一 步指示或協助的地方。
- 9. 「指示牌」是指包含展示性文章、 文字、數字、標記、凹凸紋或圖象 資料的建築元素。
- 10. 「凹凸紋」是指可運用觸覺去知悉的物體。
- 11. 「輪椅人士」是指那些非在乘坐機 械性交通工具時,只能倚賴輪椅活 動的人士。
- 12. 「步行架使用者」是指不能不用步 行架在平地行走或爬梯級的人。
- 13. 「輪椅停放處」是指可供停放一張 輪椅的地方。

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